KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES FUNDING TRUST LEASE PROGRAM REVENUE BONDS Combined Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 with Report of Independent Auditors

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Trustees Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lexington, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined financial statements of the Trust Estates of the City of Jeffersontown, Kentucky, Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program Revenue Bonds, Variable Rate Series 2000; City of Newport, Kentucky, Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program Revenue Bonds, Variable Rate Series 2002; City of Fort Mitchell, Kentucky, Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program Revenue Bonds, Variable Rate 2002 Series A; City of Morehead, Kentucky, Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program Revenue Bonds, Variable Rate Series 2004 A; City of Richmond, Kentucky, Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program Revenue Bonds, Variable Rate 2006 Series A; City of Williamstown, Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program Revenue Bonds, Variable Rate 2008 Series A; and City of Williamstown, Kentucky, Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program Revenue Bonds, Variable Rate 2008 Series B (collectively referred to as "the Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program Revenue Bonds" or "the Trust Estates") which comprise the combined statements of financial position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related combined statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these combined financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of combined financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these combined financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the combined financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the

Board of Trustees Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Report of Independent Auditors

entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the combined financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program Revenue Bonds as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 31 - 36 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the combined financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the combined financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements or to the combined financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements as a whole.

DEAN DORTON ALLEN FORD, PLLC

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February 1, 2017 Lexington, Kentucky

Combined Statements of Financial Position

June 30, 2016 and 2015

		2016		2015
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,359,686	\$	2,329,161
Program discretionary fund account		324,955		_
Certificates of deposit		-		5,000,000
Repurchase agreements		-		9,955,000
Investment agreements		-		21,469,839
Accrued investment income receivable		40		21,395
Accrued interest and fees receivable - leases		252,532		226,478
Lease agreement receivables		97,021,974		108,642,291
Lease agreement receivables - unrealized appreciation in fair value		12,141,052		9,515,900
Prepaids and other current assets		583		=
Costs of debt issuance, net	-	646,623	-	1,494,642
Total assets Liabilities and Net (Deficit) Assets	\$.	111,747,445	\$_	158,654,706
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	256,185	\$	470,150
Accrued interest payable - bonds		48,266		76,570
Interest rate exchange - liability		12,141,052		9,515,900
Accrued arbitrage rebate		-		189,478
Deferred issuance costs		2,409,633		2,536,934
Bonds payable		97,762,192	6	145,695,000
Total liabilities		112,617,328		158,484,032
Net (deficit) assets, unrestricted		(869,883)		170,674
Total liabilities and net (deficit) assets	\$	111,747,445	\$	158,654,706

Combined Statements of Activities

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	<u>2016</u>	2015
Revenues: Income from lease agreement receivables Amortization of deferred issuance costs Investment and other income Loss on early extinguishment	\$ 3,767,817 127,301 287,644 (1,494,642)	\$ 4,171,528 234,257 166,057
Total revenues, net of loss	2,688,120	4,571,842
Expenses: Administrative and trustee fees Letter of credit fees Remarketing fees Professional and other fees Arbitrage rebate Bond interest expense Swap interest expense	285,427 566,776 74,113 28,612 21,513 338,594 2,377,746	344,493 1,088,514 144,388 60,500 50,686 82,727 2,584,359
Amortization expense Total expenses	<u>35,896</u> <u>3,728,677</u>	112,271 4,467,938
Change in net assets	(1,040,557)	103,904
Net assets, beginning of year Net (deficit) assets, end of year	170,674 \$(869,883)	\$ 170,674

Combined Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015				
		2016		<u>2015</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:	1925	0400 0000000000		
Change in net assets	\$	(1,040,557)	\$	103,904
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash used in				
operating activities:				442.074
Amortization of cost of debt issuance		35,896		112,271
Amortization of deferred issuance costs		(127,301)		(234,257)
Reclassification of hedge ineffectiveness				63,273
Loss on early extinguishment		1,494,642		-
Increase (decrease) in cash due to changes in:				
Accrued investment income receivable		21,355		3,371
Accrued interest and fees receivable - leases		(26,054)		11,593
Prepaids and other current assets		(583)		-
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities		(213,965)		(62,915)
Accrued interest payable - bonds		(28,304)		44,532
Accrued arbitrage rebate	_	(189,478)	2	(82,899)
Net cash used in operating activities		(74,349)		(41,127)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Proceeds from lease agreements		11,642,624		21,787,000
Issued lease agreement		(22,307)		=
Increase in the program discretionary fund account		(324,955)		-
Net proceeds from repurchase and investment agreements and				
certificates of deposit	_	36,424,839	-	1,395,291
Net cash provided by investing activities		47,720,201		23,182,291
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		100,677,449		*
Principal payments on bonds		(148,610,257)		(23,795,000)
Debt issuance costs paid	_	(682,519)	_	-
Net cash used in financing activities		(48,615,327)		(23,795,000)
	_			((52.926)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(969,475)		(653,836)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	2,329,161	_	2,982,997
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	1,359,686	\$_	2,329,161
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:				
Cash paid during the year for:				
Interest on bonds	\$	366,898	\$	38,195
Interest on interest rate exchanges		2,377,746		2,584,359
Noncash investing transactions:				
Change in the fair value of lease agreement receivables	\$	2,625,152	\$	860,916
Change in the fair value of interest rate exchanges		(2,625,152)		(860,916)

See accompanying notes.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

1. Nature of Organization and Operations

The Kentucky League of Cities (KLC, or the Program Administrator) is a voluntary association of cities created in 1927 to assist municipal officials in representing the interest of cities and to provide services to members fostering improved municipal government in Kentucky.

The financial services department of the Kentucky League of Cities provides tax-exempt financing to Kentucky cities. By taking advantage of economies of scale through tax exempt bond pools, the financial services department provides its members access to low interest rate loans to fund capital improvement projects and equipment purchases (the Lease Program).

In December 1992, certain governmental agencies of the state entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement pursuant to KRS 65.210 through 65.300, KRS 58.010 through 58.140, and KRS 65.940 through 65.956 (the Act), which authorized the creation of the Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust (the Funding Trust). The Funding Trust issues tax-exempt bonds in order to provide funding for leases to participating members at variable rates of interest.

The Funding Trust is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of five members. At the time of appointment, members of the Board of Trustees are required to be an elected or an appointed official of a Kentucky city.

To facilitate the purposes of the lease program, several Kentucky municipalities (the Issuers) issued seven variable rate Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program Revenue Bonds (the Bonds). Each series had an original issue amount of \$50,000,000 and each series was backed by letters of credit.

In fiscal year 2016, the bond pools were restructured. The letter of credit issuer (US Bank) elected to not renew these letters of credit; rather, they decided to buy the bonds. As each pool was restructured, all of the Bonds were mandatorily tendered at various times from November 2015 to April 2016. All investments in the Debt Service Reserve funds were sold and the proceeds, along with other excess cash, were used to reimburse the letters of credit for the tender draws. Any excess funds in the pools were transferred to the Program Discretionary Fund. The Issuers issued new bonds in the amount of the leases outstanding. The leases outstanding will always approximate bonds outstanding (plus/minus the timing of the payments), as principal payments received on the leases are immediately used to pay down the bonds. The bonds are no longer publicly held or traded. After the restructure, each pool was split into two different bonds: Series A1 and Series A2 - the Series A1 contain variable rate leases; the Series A2 contain those leases which have interest rate exchange agreements.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements

1. Nature of Organization and Operations, continued

Below is a summary of the fourteen trust estates (collectively, the Trust Estates) that comprise the Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Lease Program:

Trust Estate	Issuer	Bond Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date
2000 Trust Estate	City of Jeffersontown, KY	Series 2000 - A1	March 2016	February 2030
2000 Trust Estate	City of Jeffersontown, KY	Series 2000 - A2	March 2016	April 2030
2002 Trust Estate	City of Newport, KY	Series 2002 - A1	February 2016	April 2032
2002 Trust Estate	City of Newport, KY	Series 2002 - A2	February 2016	October 2032
2002A Trust Estate	City of Fort Mitchell, KY	2002 Series A - A1	November 2015	August 2032
2002A Trust Estate	City of Fort Mitchell, KY	2002 Series A - A2	November 2015	August 2030
2004A Trust Estate	City of Morehead, KY	Series 2004 A - A1	April 2016	July 2034
2004A Trust Estate	City of Morehead, KY	Series 2004 A - A2	April 2016	August 2034
2006A Trust Estate	City of Richmond, KY	2006 Series A - A1	February 2016	April 2028
2006A Trust Estate	City of Richmond, KY	2006 Series A - A2	February 2016	March 2036
2008A Trust Estate	City of Williamstown, KY	2008 Series A - A1	December 2015	August 2033
2008A Trust Estate	City of Williamstown, KY	2008 Series A - A2	December 2015	June 2038
2008B Trust Estate	City of Williamstown, KY	2008 Series B - A1	March 2016	May 2031
2008B Trust Estate	City of Williamstown, KY	2008 Series B - A2	March 2016	July 2034

The Trust Estates are defined as all the rights, title, and interest of the Issuers and the Funding Trust in and to (i) the leases, (ii) any interest rate exchange agreements, (iii) the lease rental payments due under the leases, (iv) the collateral documents related thereto, if any, (v) all monies and securities, including earnings thereon, held in the funds and accounts created in the Trust Indenture Agreements (the Trust Indentures) other than the Rebate Account and the Program Discretionary Account (see Note 6), and (vi) all property rights, and assets of any kind and nature that are now or hereafter from time to time pledged, assigned, or transferred as and for security under the Trust Indentures by the Issuers or the Funding Trust or by anyone on their behalf or with written consent.

Upon the ultimate termination of each Trust Estate any assets remaining after satisfaction of all Trust Estate liabilities will be returned to the Funding Trust.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The combined financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Trust Estates in the preparation of its combined financial statements:

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Basis of Presentation

The combined financial statements of the Trust Estates have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Investments Held by the Trustee

All invested funds are held by the Trustees (see Note 3). The Trustees are mandated by the Trust Indentures as to the types of investments in which each Trust Estate can be invested. GAAP requires that investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities be measured at fair value in the financial statements of not-for-profit organizations. Accordingly, all invested funds held by the Trustees are stated at fair value based on the Trustees' independent valuation services.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Funding Trust considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents primarily consist of money market funds invested in government and government agency securities.

Lease Agreement Receivables

Lease agreement receivables represent the principal obligation of the lease program participants. Accordingly, the lease agreement receivables balance as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 are stated at the amount the Funding Trust expects to collect on the outstanding balances. Lease agreement receivables are written off as uncollectible if no payment is received after all collection efforts have been exhausted. Receivables are reviewed for collectability when they become past due and an allowance for doubtful accounts is established, if deemed necessary.

Any lease rental payment that is not paid within ten days of the date due bears interest at the late payment rate as defined in the lease agreement. Failure by the lessee to pay any lease rental payments at the time specified in the lease agreement is considered to be past due. As of June 30, 2015, there were a total of four leases past due, totaling approximately \$27,000. Due to the restructure (see Note 1), there are no late payments as of June 30, 2016. Most lessees now pay via automated clearing house withdrawals. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not reflected in these combined financial statements as the Funding Trust considers all lease agreement receivables to be fully collectible. The income from the lease agreement receivables is representative of the interest income on the leases recognized and the participants' share of administrative, credit, issue, and fiduciary fees of the lease programs.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Costs of Debt Issuance

Costs of debt issuance related to the bond issuance are capitalized and amortized over the life of the related bond issues using the straight line method. As part of the 2016 bond pools restructuring (see Note 1), originally capitalized debt issuance costs were written off as loss on early extinguishment and \$682,519 of new debt issuance costs were capitalized. Amortization expense of bond issuance costs for the years ending June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	2016	2015
2000 Trust Estate	\$ 6,114	\$ 11,229
2002 Trust Estate	5,614	12,959
2002A Trust Estate	5,423	15,357
2004A Trust Estate	4,657	18,413
2006A Trust Estate	4,388	19,035
2008A Trust Estate	4,289	14,649
2008B Trust Estate	 5,411	 20,629
	\$ 35,896	\$ 112,271

Amortization is expected to be approximately as follows for the years ended June 30, 2017 through 2021:

	2017	2018		2019	-	2020		2021
2000 Trust Estate	\$ 6,114	\$ 6,114	\$	6,114	\$	6,114	\$	6,114
2002 Trust Estate	5,614	5,614		5,614		5,614		5,614
2002A Trust Estate	5,423	5,423		5,423		5,423		5,423
2004A Trust Estate	4,657	4,657		4,657		4,657		4,657
2006A Trust Estate	4,388	4,388		4,388		4,388		4,388
2008A Trust Estate	4,289	4,289		4,289		4,289		4,289
2008B Trust Estate	 5,411	 5,411	_	5,411	1	5,411	_	5,411
	\$ 35,896	\$ 35,896	\$	35,896	\$_	35,896	\$	35,896

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Funding Trust accounts for interest rate exchange agreements in accordance with GAAP which establishes accounting and reporting standards requiring that every derivative instrument (including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts) be recorded in the statements of financial position as either an asset or liability measured at its fair value.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Deferred Issuance Costs

As the participating members originate leases in the Lease Program, the issuance costs they pay related to those leases are deferred and amortized to income straight-line over the life of the related lease.

Net Assets

There are no donor-imposed restrictions on the net assets of the Trust Estates, and thus the net assets are considered "unrestricted" as defined by GAAP.

Subsequent Events

The Trust Estates' management evaluates events and transactions that occur after the statements of financial position date as potential subsequent events. This evaluation was performed through February 1, 2017, the date on which the combined financial statements were available to be issued. No material subsequent events were identified.

3. Contractual Agreements

Administrative Services

Pursuant to the program administration agreements, the Program Administrator provides administrative services to the Funding Trust. These administrative services include professional, administrative, and financial functions, including providing personnel necessary for the orderly and proper administration of the Funding Trust and its lease program.

The following is a summary of the date of execution for each of the Trust Estates' administration agreements and the initial fee paid to the Program Administrator on the date of delivery of the Bonds.

Trust Estate	Date of Execution	I	Initial Fee		
2000 Trust Estate	March 2000	\$	50,000		
2002 Trust Estate	April 2002		70,000		
2002A Trust Estate	October 2002		85,000		
2004A Trust Estate	June 2004		125,000		
2006A Trust Estate	March 2006		200,000		
2008A Trust Estate	July 2008		160,000		
2008B Trust Estate	December 2008		160,000		

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

3. Contractual Agreements, continued

Administrative Services, continued

In addition, the Program Administrator bills the Trust Estate an administration fee for providing these services. The administration fee is equal to .25% of the aggregate unpaid principal components of all lease rental payments. This fee is payable from and only to the extent funds are available in the Trust Estates' Revenue Accounts (see Note 6) or otherwise available from the Trust Estates. The costs of these services are included as a component of administrative and trustee fees in the accompanying combined statements of activities. The lessees reimburse the Trust Estates for the cost of these services by paying a monthly administrative fee in addition to lease interest. These fees are included as a component of income from lease agreement receivables in the accompanying combined statements of activities.

The program administration agreements expire upon the earlier of the date the Bonds are fully redeemed or the date specified in a 30 days prior written notice of termination delivered by the Funding Trust to the Program Administrator.

Trustee Services

The Trustees, dates of applicable trust agreements, and annual trustee fees are summarized below:

Trust Estate	Trustee	Date of Trust Agreement	Trustee Fee
2000 Trust Estate	U.S. Bank National Assn.	March 2016	\$700 per lease payable in arrears
2002 Trust Estate	Huntington National Bank	February 2016	\$250 per lease payable in advance
2002A Trust Estate	Huntington National Bank	November 2015	\$250 per lease payable in advance
2004A Trust Estate	U.S. Bank National Assn.	April 2016	\$700 per lease payable in arrears
2006A Trust Estate	Bank of New York Mellon	February 2016	\$300-\$1,000 per lease outstanding
2008A Trust Estate	Bank of New York Mellon	December 2015	\$200-\$1,500 per lease outstanding
2008B Trust Estate	U.S. Bank National Assn.	March 2016	\$700 per lease payable in arrears

The Trustees for the Trust Estates hold investments, receive lease rental payments, maintain appropriate books and records to account for all funds established under the Trust Indentures, and conduct other transactions as directed by the Program Administrator. In return for the services provided by the Trustees, the Trust Estates pay annual trustee fees. The annual fees are a component of administrative and trustee fees in the accompanying combined statements of activities.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

3. Contractual Agreements, continued

Credit Facility

In 2015, the Funding Trust and US Bank were party to Letter of Credit and Reimbursement Agreements (the Credit Facilities) for each of the Trust Estates. Concurrent with the Credit Facilities, US Bank issued irrevocable transferable direct pay letters of credit in favor of the Trustees which are used by the Funding Trust to facilitate the redemption of the Bonds immediately prior to their remarketing (see Bond Remarketing). The expiration dates of the initial terms of the letters of credit are listed below. The Credit Facilities expire unless ninety days prior to the expiration date, US Bank notifies the Trustee that US Bank intends to extend the date. In no case shall any such renewal or extension extend the termination date beyond the maturity date of the Bonds. The date through which the Credit Facilities had been extended and the available balance under the letters of credit as of June 30, 2015 are listed below. The Credit Facilities expired in 2016 and were not renewed. See also Note 1.

Trust Estate	Original Maturity Date	Extended Maturity Date	 Amount vailable as of une 30, 2015
Trust Estate			 ,
2000 Trust Estate	March 2003	October 2016	\$ 12,654,488
2002 Trust Estate	April 2005	October 2016	13,857,019
2002A Trust Estate	October 2005	April 2016	21,178,762
2004A Trust Estate	June 2007	October 2016	27,150,658
2006A Trust Estate	March 2009	October 2016	28,755,199
2008A Trust Estate	July 2011	October 2016	23,192,452
2008B Trust Estate	February 2010	October 2016	 20,869,250
			\$ 147,657,828

Bond Remarketing

As further discussed in Note 8, the Bonds, in the variable rate bond form, were considered Weekly Rate Bonds with the ability to be converted to Daily Rate Bonds, Adjustable Rate Bonds, or Fixed Rate Bonds.

Under the terms of May 2010 agreements, Sterne Agee & Leach, Inc. (Sterne Agee or the Remarketing Agent) had agreed to use its best efforts to remarket the Bonds. These Bonds were to be sold at the most favorable interest rates and terms that would result in a sale price equal to the principal amount of the Bonds sold, together with accrued interest, if any, thereon. Proceeds from the Bonds were used to repay draws on the Credit Facilities.

Under the original remarketing agreement, the Trust Estates paid one-time fees upon issuance of the Bonds for services related to the competitive sale of the Bonds. These one-time fees are summarized below:

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

3. Contractual Agreements, continued

Bond Remarketing, continued

	C	One-time
Trust Estate	Rem	arketing Fee
2000 Trust Estate	\$	31,646
2002 Trust Estate		200,000
2002A Trust Estate		185,000
2004A Trust Estate		205,000
2006A Trust Estate		205,000
2008A Trust Estate		205,000
2008B Trust Estate		205,000
	\$	1,236,646

These fees were being amortized over the remaining life of the Bonds using the effective interest method. Additionally, the Trust Estate paid remarketing fees to the Remarketing Agent equal to 0.08% (2000 Trust Estate) or 0.10% (all other Trust Estates) of the principal amount of the outstanding Bonds. Due to the restructuring of the bond pools (see Note 1), the remarketing agreement was discontinued.

4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

GAAP requires fair value information for financial instruments. Certain financial instruments, such as lease contracts, are specifically excluded. The fair values of the Trust Estate's assets and liabilities that qualify as financial instruments approximate the carrying amounts presented in the accompanying combined statements of financial position.

The fair value provisions of GAAP establish a single authoritative definition of fair value, set out a framework for measuring fair value, and require additional disclosures about fair value measurements. GAAP also establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used to measure fair value into three broad levels. These levels, in order of highest to lowest priority, are described below:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant
 to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 includes values determined using pricing
 models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques reflecting the Funding Trust's
 own assumptions.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments, continued

The availability of observable inputs can vary from instrument to instrument and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of instrument, the liquidity of the markets, and other characteristics particular to the instrument. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities of the Trust Estates measured at fair value:

Certificates of Deposit

Certificates of deposit are highly liquid investments with an original maturity date of greater than three months. Certificates of deposit are renewed at the discretion of the Funding Trust. The fair value of the instrument approximates its carrying value (Level 2).

Repurchase and Investment Agreements

The repurchase and investment agreements (see Notes 5 and 6) were negotiated and entered into in connection with specific financing transactions. Due to the uniqueness of the arrangements, the lack of transferability, and the fact that the principal amounts invested, in most cases, fluctuate over the terms of the agreements, there are no identical instruments traded in active markets. The agreements are collateralized by obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States government and its agencies for which quoted prices in active markets are available. Accordingly, fair values of the instruments approximate the respective carrying values (Level 2).

Interest Rate Exchange Agreements

At the direction of the respective lessee, the Trustees have entered into interest rate exchange agreements to hedge against changes in the fair value of underlying fixed-rate lease agreement receivables (see Note 9). These are over-the-counter agreements and identical agreements may not be available on the active market. The swap values are determined based on comparing the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Municipal Swap Index forward rate curve with the fixed rates on the lease agreement receivables. The fair values of the swap contracts approximate the carrying value of these financial instruments (Level 2).

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments, continued

The following table summarizes the Trust Estates' combined assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

	Level 2			
		2016		2015
Assets:				
Certificates of deposit	\$	-	\$	5,000,000
Repurchase agreements		-		9,955,000
Investment agreements				21,469,839
	\$	-	\$	36,424,839
Liabilities:				
Interest rate exchanges	\$	12,141,052	\$	9,515,900

5. Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Trust Estates to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of temporary cash investments, the repurchase and investment agreements, lease agreement receivables, and the interest rate exchange agreements (see Note 9).

As indicated in Notes 2 and 6, the Trust Estates' cash equivalents consist of money market funds maintained by the Trustees. Money market funds are not federally insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation but do hold government and government agency securities and the financial institutions managing the money market funds are major financial institutions with an investment grade credit rating. Consequently, the Funding Trust considers the risk associated with these money market funds to be minimal.

The stated interest rates, terms, and principal amounts pertaining to the repurchase and investment agreements (the Agreements) (see Note 6) are generally correlated in such a way that changes in market interest rates should not have a material net impact on the values of the Agreements. The repurchase and investment agreements held by the Trustees are uninsured and unregistered. However, the government securities underlying the Agreements are registered. The Agreements are collateralized in obligations of the United States and its agencies. Such collateral is held in the Trustee's name by a custodial agent for the term of the Agreement. The custodial agents are as follows:

Trust Estate	Custodial Agent
2000 Trust Estate	Norwest Bank Minnesota
2002 Trust Estate	The Bank of New York
2002A Trust Estate	U.S. Bank
2004A Trust Estate	The Bank of New York
2006A Trust Estate	The Bank of New York
2008A Trust Estate	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A
2008B Trust Estate	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

5. Concentrations of Credit Risk, continued

As indicated in Note 7, the lease agreement receivables represent the obligations of the lease program participants. Under Kentucky law, such program participants cannot commit to long-term debt, and therefore, lease rental payments are subject to annual appropriation. Historically, program participants have not defaulted or withdrawn from such long-term lease agreements. The Funding Trust believes that certain processes and precedents are in place to provide reasonable assurance that the leases will be honored by the program participants as long-term, non-cancelable agreements.

Lease agreement receivables from one lessee totaled approximately \$15,884,338 and \$16,584,600 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, representing 16% and 15% of total lease agreement receivables at each year end. Lease agreement receivables from four additional lessees represent 6% (two leases), 7% (one lease), and 8% (one lease) of total lease agreement receivables as of June 30, 2016. Lease agreement receivables from four additional lessees represent 6% (one lease) and 7% (three leases) of total lease agreement receivables as of June 30, 2015.

6. Trust Estate Accounts

Pursuant to the issue of the Bonds, the Funding Trust entered into Trust Indentures with the Trustees. The Trust Indentures provide for the issuance of the Bonds and the establishment of the following accounts/funds to be held by the Trustees:

Bond Proceeds Account

This account was initially funded by the \$50,000,000 in bond proceeds per each bond issuance. The account subsequently funded the Project Account, the Expense Account, the Revenue Account, and the Debt Service Reserve Account. The amounts of the initial funding of these accounts for each Trust Estate are listed below:

				Debt Service					
	Pro	ject Account	 Expense Account		Revenue Account		Reserve Account		Total
2000 Trust Estate	\$	44,355,000	\$ 645,000	\$	i =	\$	5,000,000	\$	50,000,000
2002 Trust Estate		44,355,000	645,000		-		5,000,000		50,000,000
2002A Trust Estate		44,355,000	645,000		-		5,000,000		50,000,000
2004A Trust Estate		44,305,000	695,000		-		5,000,000		50,000,000
2006A Trust Estate		44,355,000	645,000		-		5,000,000		50,000,000
2008A Trust Estate		44,292,000	708,000		-		5,000,000		50,000,000
2008B Trust Estate		44,200,000	723,000		77,000		5,000,000		50,000,000

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

6. Trust Estate Accounts, continued

Project Account

This account was established from bond proceeds to fund the lease programs. In connection with each closing for the lessee, the Trustees create in the Project Account a Lessee Acquisition Account for the lessee and, upon the submission by the lessee of the documents required by and upon the terms and conditions of the lease agreement, the Trustees deposit in a Lessee Acquisition Account an amount equal to the aggregate principal component of lease rental payments under the lease.

The funds in the Lessee Acquisition Account are disbursed to acquire, install, or construct the projects to be leased to the lessee or refund, refinance, and reimburse the lessee for outstanding indebtedness incurred or advancements made for the costs of the project, subject to the limitations set forth in the Trust Indentures regarding refunding, refinancing, and reimbursement. Legal title to the project and all interests therein are held by the lessee subject to the Funding Trust's rights under the provisions of the lease agreement.

Redemption Account

This account is funded by the principal component of any lease rental payment that is not related to a draw on the Debt Service Reserve Account, to the extent deemed necessary by the Trustees, in accounts thereof, for particular Bonds to be redeemed.

Revenue Account

This account is funded by the portion of all lease rental payments representative of interest and the administrative, credit, and fiduciary fees which are required by the provisions of the leases to be deposited in the Revenue Account, and any other amounts received by it under the Trust Indentures which are not required to be otherwise deposited into other accounts. The account disburses monies to pay interest on the Bonds, the credit and fiduciary fees pertaining to the Bonds, and the administrative expenses and fiduciary fees in excess of the amounts disbursed from the Expense Account.

Expense Account

This account was established from bond proceeds for the purpose of paying the costs of issuance and subsequent administrative expenses and fiduciary fees, until exhausted.

Principal and Interest Account

The principal and interest account is an internal account of the Trustee that is used to capture both principal and lease payments.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

6. Trust Estate Accounts, continued

Program Discretionary Fund Account

This account holds funds identified by the Program Administrator as being excess funds. Monies in the Program Discretionary Fund Account are disbursed on the direction of the Funding Trust for purposes specified by the Funding Trust and, ultimately, are not a part of the individual Trust Estates.

Prepayment Account

This account is used to hold lessees' optional lease prepayments. The principal component of each prepayment is transferred to the Redemption Account to redeem the portion of the Bonds associated with the lessees' prepayment.

Debt Service Reserve Account

This account was established from bond proceeds to be applied if there is a deficiency in the amount available in the Revenue Account to pay interest or the Redemption Account to pay principal on the Bonds (or in either case to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for such payment).

Rebate Account

This account is used to pay arbitrage rebates (see Note 10), if any, pursuant to section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code. Funds necessary to satisfy the rebate requirement are transferred from other accounts at the written discretion of the Issuers.

Fixed Lessee Fund Account

This account is used to hold those leases that have swap agreements.

The accounts of each Trust Estate at June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

2000 Trust Estate

	n and Cash uivalents
Redemption Account Revenue Account	\$ 107,588 26,840
	\$ 134,428

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

6. Trust Estate Accounts, continued

2002 Trust Estate	Cash and Cash Equivalents
Redemption Account Revenue Account	\$ 76,576
2002A Trust Estate	\$ 97,087 Cash and Cash
Redemption Account Revenue Account	Equivalents \$ 137,243 65,606
2004A Trust Estate	\$ 202,849
	Cash and Cash Equivalents
Redemption Account Revenue Account	\$ 80,531 <u>94,104</u>
2006A Trust Estate	\$ 174,635 Cash and Cash
Dedenution Assumt	Equivalents \$ 109,134
Redemption Account Revenue Account Principal and Interest Account	85,265 128,469
	\$ 322,868

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

6. Trust Estate Accounts, continued

2008A Trust Estate		Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Redemption Account Revenue Account Principal and Interest Account		53 7,451 2,031		
	\$ 209	9,535		
2008B Trust Estate	Cash and Cas			
Redemption Account Revenue Account Fixed Lessee Fund Account	94	2,588 4,082 1,614		
Total Combined Balances	\$ <u>218</u> Cash and Equivale			
Redemption Account Revenue Account Principal and Interest Account Fixed Lessee Fund Account	47 25	3,713 3,859 0,500 1,614		
	\$ 1,35 Program Discretic			
2000 Trust Estate 2002 Trust Estate 2002 A Trust Estate 2006 A Trust Estate 2008 B Trust Estate	\$ 2 12 9	6,577 23,317 27,269 93,504 74,288		
	\$32	24,955		

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

6. Trust Estate Accounts, continued

The accounts of each Trust Estate at June 30, 2015 are summarized as follows:

2000 Trust Estate	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investment Agreements	Total
Redemption Account Revenue Account Debt Service Reserve Account	\$ 50,919 8,410	\$ 167,369 451,167 5,000,000	\$ 218,288 459,577 5,000,000
	\$ 59,329	\$5,618,536	\$ 5,677,865
2002 Trust Estate	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Repurchase Agreements	Total
Redemption Account Revenue Account Debt Service Reserve Account	\$ 163,095 79,018 442	\$ - 5,000,000	\$ 163,095 79,018 5,000,442
2002A Trust Estate	\$ 242,555 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,000,000 Investment Agreements	\$ 5,242,555 Total
Redemption Account Revenue Account Debt Service Reserve Account	\$ 286,046 262,298 425 \$ 548,769	\$ - - 5,000,000 \$ 5,000,000	\$ 286,046 262,298 5,000,425 \$ 5,548,769
2004A Trust Estate	Cash and Cash Equivalents		Total
Redemption Account Revenue Account Debt Service Reserve Account	\$ 100,415 68,919		344,218
	\$ 169,334	\$ 5,349,698	\$ 5,519,032

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

6. Trust Estate Accounts, continued

2006A Trust Estate	Cash and (Equivale		urchase ements	Inves			Total
Redemption Account Revenue Account Debt Service Reserve Account		5,180 \$ 1,358	- - 4,955,000	1000	130,106 371,499		236,286 542,857 4,955,000
	\$277	7,538 \$	4,955,000	\$	501,605	5	5,734,143
2008A Trust Estate			and Cash		tment		Total
Bond Proceeds Account Redemption Account Revenue Account Debt Service Reserve Account		\$	(10,267) 244,193 122,922		- - - ,000,000	5	(10,267) 244,193 122,922 5,000,000
2008B Trust Estate			356,848 and Cash ivalents	Certifi	cates of	\$	5,356,848 Total
Redemption Account Revenue Account Debt Service Reserve Account		\$	237,238 437,550	\$5	- ,000,000	\$	237,238 437,550 5,000,000
		\$	674,788	\$5	,000,000	\$	5,674,788
Total Combined Balances	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Certificates of Deposit	Repurch Agreeme		nvestment greements		Total
Bond Proceeds Account Redemption Account Revenue Account Debt Service Reserve Account	\$ (10,267) \$ 1,188,086 1,150,475 867 \$ 2,329,161 \$	5,000,000	\$ - - - - 9,955 \$ 9,955		371,874 1,097,965 20,000,000 21,469,839	<u>)</u> -	(10,267) 1,559,960 2,248,440 34,955,867 38,754,000

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

6. Trust Estate Accounts, continued

Pursuant to the terms of the repurchase and investment agreements, the Trust Estates receive investment income equal to the interest cost of the outstanding Bonds (the Bond Rate) plus the specified interest rates. These interest rate spreads are guaranteed by the repurchase and investment agreement counterparties. The Bond Rate is the variable rate applicable to the Bonds.

As of June 30, 2015, funds were held by the Trustees in the Trustees' names on behalf of the Funding Trust pursuant to the terms of repurchase agreements with the following counterparties:

Trust Estate	Counterparty	Ju	Amount Invested ne 30, 2015	Interest Rate of Bond Rate +		
2002 Trust Estate 2006A Trust Estate	Bayerische Hypo-Und Vereinsbank Aegon Hypo Public Finance Bank	\$	5,000,000 4,955,000	1% 1.22%		
		\$	9,955,000			

As of June 30, 2015, funds were held by the Trustees in the Trustees' names on behalf of the Funding Trust pursuant to the terms of investment agreements with the following counterparties:

Trust Estate	Counterparty	Amount Invested June 30, 2015		Interest Rate of Bond Rate +
2000 Trust Estate 2002A Trust Estate 2004A Trust Estate 2006A Trust Estate 2008A Trust Estate	Societe Generale, New York Branch Societe Generale, New York Branch FSA Capital Management RaboBank International Royal Bank of Canada	\$	5,618,536 5,000,000 5,349,698 501,605 5,000,000	0.85% 0.40% .44*49**% 0.61% 0.86%
		\$	21,469,839	

^{* -} Rate of return on Redemption and Revenue Accounts

^{** -} Rate of return on Debt Service Reserve Accounts

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

6. Trust Estate Accounts, continued

As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, the following Trust Estate funds are invested in 1) money market funds investing primarily in obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States government and its agencies; or 2) the Huntington Protected Deposit Account, a fully federally-insured, interest-bearing deposit sweep account:

			Amount	Inves	sted
Trust Estate	Investment	Jur	ne 30, 2016	Jui	ne 30, 2015
2000 Trust Estate	First American Gov't Obligation Fund	\$	141,005	\$	59,329
2002 Trust Estate	Huntington Protected Deposit Account		120,404		242,555
2002A Trust Estate	Huntington Protected Deposit Account		330,118		548,769
2004A Trust Estate	First American Gov't Obligation Fund		174,635		169,334
2006A Trust Estate	Fidelity Institutional Government Fund		416,372		277,538
2008A Trust Estate	Fidelity Institutional Government Fund		209,535		356,848
2008B Trust Estate	First American Gov't Obligation Fund		292,572		674,788
		\$	1,684,641	\$	2,329,161

7. Lease Agreement Receivables

Lease agreement receivables represent the obligation of the lease program participants and provide for payment by the participants to the Trust Estate of monies sufficient to pay, when due, the principal and interest on the bonds and the costs associated with the lease program. All leases are issued as variable rate leases, which may be converted to fixed rate leases through an interest rate exchange agreement (see Note 9). The lease rental payment is computed with respect to variable rate bonds and the interest rate in effect on the first day of each week during the fiscal year, unless the lessee elects to have the interest rate converted to a fixed rate upon the terms and conditions of an interest rate exchange agreement (see Note 9).

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the outstanding lease principal amounts are as follows:

	nse Principal (ne 30, 2016	Outstanding as of June 30, 2015			
2000 Trust Estate	\$ 6,134,534	\$	6,907,584		
2002 Trust Estate	4,749,330		8,609,328		
2002A Trust Estate	13,663,435		15,605,550		
2004A Trust Estate	20,338,375		21,423,893		
2006A Trust Estate	21,793,746		23,089,454		
2008A Trust Estate	16,480,708		17,756,036		
2008B Trust Estate	 13,861,846		15,250,446		
	\$ 97,021,974	\$_	108,642,291		

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

7. Lease Agreement Receivables, continued

As described in Note 1, each pool was split into two different bonds during the restructure: Series A1 and Series A2. The outstanding lease principal amounts for each bond at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	A1		A2		_	Total
2000 Trust Estate	\$	4,562,414	\$	1,572,120	\$	6,134,534
2002 Trust Estate		1,262,275		3,487,055		4,749,330
2002A Trust Estate		4,562,938		9,100,497		13,663,435
2004A Trust Estate		9,096,835		11,241,540		20,338,375
2006A Trust Estate		746,161		21,047,585		21,793,746
2008A Trust Estate		2,251,088		14,229,620		16,480,708
2008B Trust Estate		9,721,992	_	4,139,854	_	13,861,846
	\$	32,203,703	\$	64,818,271	\$	97,021,974

Future principal payments required under the lease agreement receivables for Series A1 at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Thereafter	Total
2000 Trust Estate	\$ 725,316	\$ 718,927	\$ 709,462	\$ 730,407	\$ 531,389	\$ 1,146,913	\$ 4,562,414
2002 Trust Estate	102,275	60,000	60,000	60,000	65,000	915,000	1,262,275
2002A Trust Estate	388,097	402,063	411,305	420,831	429,564	2,511,078	4,562,938
2004A Trust Estate	645,342	666,930	689,787	713,010	738,179	5,643,587	9,096,835
2006A Trust Estate	325,370	97,525	55,537	45,848	46,672	175,209	746,161
2008A Trust Estate	187,530	185,229	191,078	197,022	203,404	1,286,825	2,251,088
2008B Trust Estate	1,133,729	829,451	858,127	779,905	800,145	5,320,635	9,721,992
	\$ 3,507,659	\$ 2,960,125	\$ 2,975,296	\$ 2,947,023	\$ 2,814,353	\$ 16,999,247	\$ 32,203,703

Future principal payments required under the lease agreement receivables for Series A2 at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Thereafter	Total
2000 Trust Estate	\$ 148,298	\$ 155,857	\$ 158,540	\$ 161,351	\$ 184,298	\$ 763,776	\$ 1,572,120
2002 Trust Estate	142,754	150,057	157,735	165,805	174,287	2,696,417	3,487,055
2002A Trust Estate	6,523,893	920,790	463,694	187,009	191,948	813,163	9,100,497
2004A Trust Estate	191,490	131,560	202,621	939,719	971,515	8,804,635	11,241,540
2006A Trust Estate	1,032,200	974,009	890,742	931,903	979,261	16,239,470	21,047,585
2008A Trust Estate	1,157,953	1,208,004	1,139,911	1,107,749	1,158,456	8,457,547	14,229,620
2008B Trust Estate	511,316	310,558	210,381	218,051	226,339	2,663,209	4,139,854
	\$ 9,707,904	\$ 3,850,835	\$ 3,223,624	\$ 3,711,587	\$ 3,886,104	\$ 40,438,217	\$ 64,818,271

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

8. Bonds Payable

As described in Note 1, the Issuers issued fourteen variable rate bonds in the amounts of the related leases outstanding. The new bonds are supplemental trust indentures and are between the various Issuers, US Bank and the Funding Trust securing the Bonds (the Trust Indentures). The new Trust Indentures are adjustable interest rate bonds adjustable each Wednesday. The interest rate is equal to the sum of the Applicable Spread plus the Securities Industry & Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Index (as defined in the Trust Indentures). Applicable Spread means, for (i) Series A1 Bonds, (A) from the Current Conversion Date to but not including the third anniversary of the Current Conversion Date, eighty-seven basis points (0.87%, 1.14% for Williamstown B), and (B) from and after the third anniversary of the Current Conversion Date, one hundred twenty-five basis points (1.25%, 1.75% for Williamstown B) until the Initial Mandatory Tender Date and thereafter as provided in the Trust Indenture and (ii) Series A2 Bonds, fifty-three basis points (0.53%, 0.90% for Williamstown B) until the Initial Mandatory Tender Date and thereafter as provided in the Indenture.

The bond payment dates are as follows for each Trust Estate:

Trust Estate	Bond Payment Date
2000 Trust Estate	Monthly, 1st business day
2002 Trust Estate	Monthly, 1st business day
2002A Trust Estate	Monthly, 1st business day
2004A Trust Estate	Monthly, 1st business day
2006A Trust Estate	Monthly, 1st business day
2008A Trust Estate	Monthly, 1st business day
2008B Trust Estate	Monthly, 1st business day

Post-restructure, the redemption dates for each Trust Estate is the first business day of the month.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the variable interest rate on the new bonds ranged from 1.26% to 2.00% for the Series A1 Bonds, and 0.054% to 1.3% for the Series A2 Bonds.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

8. Bonds Payable, continued

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the balances outstanding on the bonds were as follows:

Trust Estate	Ju	ine 30, 2016	_ <u>J</u>	June 30, 2015			
2000 Trust Estate	\$	6,237,842	\$	12,470,000			
2002 Trust Estate		4,825,891		13,655,000			
2002A Trust Estate		13,800,595		20,870,000			
2004A Trust Estate		20,418,906		26,820,000			
2006A Trust Estate		21,905,163		28,405,000			
2008A Trust Estate		16,589,055		22,910,000			
2008B Trust Estate	_	13,984,740	-	20,565,000			
	\$	97,762,192	\$_	145,695,000			

As described in Note 1, each pool was split into two different bonds during the restructure: Series A1 and Series A2. The balances outstanding for each at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Trust Estate	_	A1		A2		Total
2000 Trust Estate	\$	4,661,392	\$	1,576,450	\$	6,237,842
2002 Trust Estate		1,327,258		3,498,633		4,825,891
2002A Trust Estate		4,586,967		9,213,628		13,800,595
2004A Trust Estate		9,150,009		11,268,897		20,418,906
2006A Trust Estate		775,194		21,129,969		21,905,163
2008A Trust Estate		2,265,899		14,323,156		16,589,055
2008B Trust Estate		9,803,272	-	4,181,468	_	13,984,740
	\$	32,569,991	\$	65,192,201	\$_	97,762,192

9. Interest Rate Exchange Agreements

The interest rate exchange agreements, entered into when lessees convert variable rate leases to fixed rate leases, are derivative instruments. The Funding Trust utilizes interest rate exchanges to provide fixed rate leases to lessees without bearing interest rate risk (see also Note 7). Under the terms of the agreements, the Funding Trust pays to the exchange counterparty the agreed fixed rate and receives interest based upon an agreed variable indexed rate. These interest rate exchange agreements have been designated by the Funding Trust as fair value hedges of the underlying changes in the fair value of the lease agreement receivables. The net interest payments made (received) under the swap exchanges (settlements) are included as a component of interest expense (income). Cash flows from interest rate exchanges are classified as an operating activity on the combined statements of cash flows.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

9. Interest Rate Exchange Agreements, continued

Under the lease agreement, the lessee is ultimately responsible for any payments associated with the early termination of an interest rate exchange agreement. Changes in the fair value of the exchange instruments result in offsetting changes to the carrying value of the underlying lease instruments with no impact on the combined statements of activities as long as the hedges remain effective.

Under the interest rate exchange agreements, the Funding Trust pays a fixed rate of interest and receives a variable rate tied to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index. During 2016 and 2015, the Trust Estates made net settlement payments under these exchanges as follows:

	Ne	Net Settlement Payments as June 30,									
Trust Estate		a a a*	2015								
2000 Trust Estate	\$	75,284	\$	71,150							
2002 Trust Estate		128,782		143,823							
2002A Trust Estate		349,109		415,520							
2004A Trust Estate		423,735		460,129							
2006A Trust Estate		789,160		769,467							
2008A Trust Estate		478,521		562,161							
2008B Trust Estate		133,155	_	162,109							
	\$	2,377,746	\$	2,584,359							

The number of interest rate exchange agreements and the respective counterparties for each Trust Estate as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 are listed below:

		Number of Agr	reements as of		
Trust Estate	Counterparty	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		
2000 Trust Estate	Bank of America Merrill Lynch	1	1		
2000 Trust Estate	U.S. Bank	1	1		
2002 Trust Estate	U.S. Bank	1	1		
2002A Trust Estate	Fifth Third Bank	3	3		
2002A Trust Estate	U.S. Bank	6	7		
2004A Trust Estate	U.S. Bank	5	6		
2006A Trust Estate	U.S. Bank	10	11		
2008A Trust Estate	U.S. Bank	5	6		
2008B Trust Estate	U.S. Bank	5	5		
		37	41		

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

9. Interest Rate Exchange Agreements, continued

The Funding Trust is exposed to credit losses in the event of non-performance by the exchange counterparty. However, the Funding Trust anticipates that the exchange counterparty will be able to satisfy any obligations under the agreement. The Funding Trust does not obtain collateral or other security to support such derivative financial instruments, however, the Trustee does monitor the credit standing of the exchange counterparty.

The following tables present the combined unrealized gain (loss) and fair value of derivative instruments by major risk type on a gross basis and the corresponding impact on the assets being hedged as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

		-		or Fai	nir Value Hedging Activities Year ended June 30, 2015								
	Year	ended June 3	J, 2016		rear ended Julie 30, 2013								
Income Statement Classification	Swap Interest Expense	Lease Interest Income	Ineffective Swap Realized Gain (Loss)		Swap Interest Expense	Lease Interest Income	S Re	fective wap alized n (Loss)					
Income from lease agreement receivables	\$ -	\$ 2,377,746	\$ -		\$ -	\$ 2,584,359	\$	ä					
Interest expense	(2,377,746)	-	-		(2,584,35	9) -		-					
	As	of June 30, 2	2016			As of June 30, 2	2015						
Balance Sheet Classification	Class of	Derivative	Fair V	alue	Class	Fair Value							
Interest rate exchange	Interest rate	contracts	\$(12,14	1,052)	Interest ra	e contracts	\$ (9,	515,900)					
Lease agreement receivables unrealized appreciation (Hedged Asset)	Ν	I/A	12,141,052			N/A	9	,515,900					
Cumulative realized gain from ineffectiveness	N	J/A	\$		N/A		\$						

10. Tax Status

All funds are considered to be property of the agencies participating in the lease program. The Funding Trust intends to be an instrument of the participating agencies and will only execute essential government functions. As such, the income of the Trust Estates is exempt from federal and state income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying combined financial statements.

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements, continued

10. Tax Status, continued

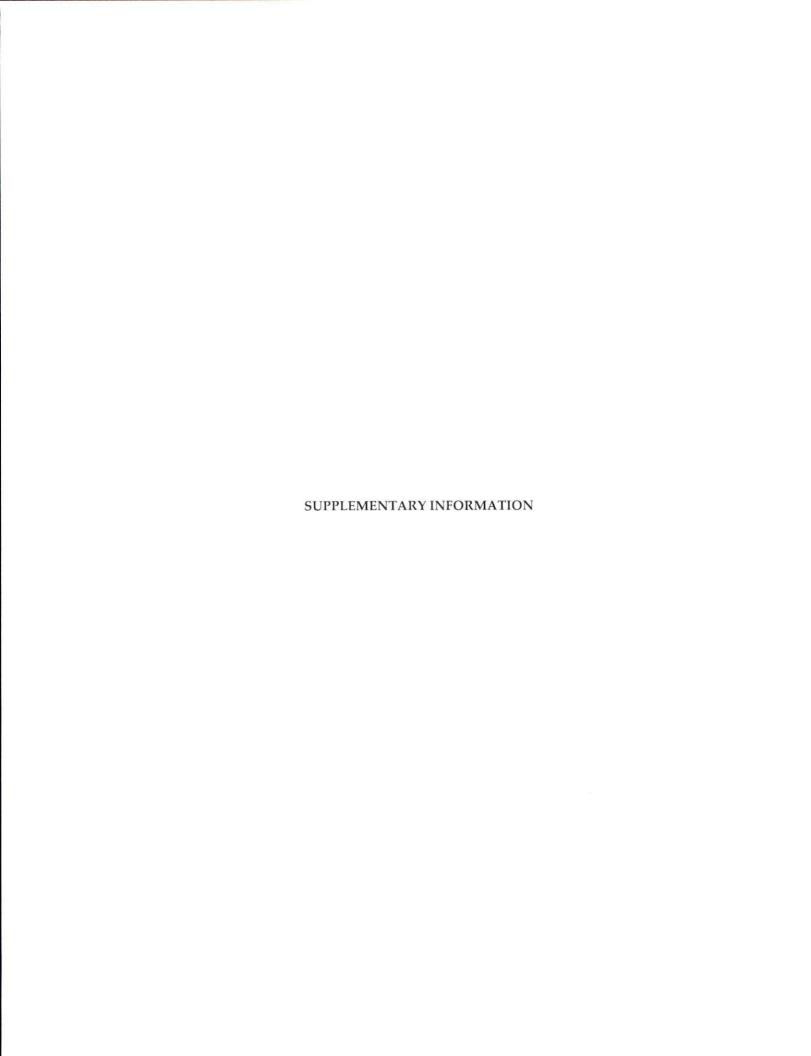
In 2015, the Bonds were subject to the arbitrage rebate regulations included in the Internal Revenue Code. These regulations required nonexempt arbitrage earnings to be rebated to the United States to prevent a bond issuance from being classified as arbitrage bonds. The regulations include certain exceptions to the rebate payments. After the restructure, there will be no more arbitrage payments. Accrued arbitrage rebates for each Trust Estate at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

2000 Trust Estate	\$ 15,072
2002 Trust Estate	44,617
2006A Trust Estate	101,695
2008A Trust Estate	 28,094
	\$ 189,478

11. Related Party Transactions

The Trust Estates pay administrative fees to the Program Administrator. During the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, administrative fees paid to the Program Administrator included in administrative and trustee fees in the accompanying combined statements of activities were \$285,427 and \$344,493, respectively. No administrative fees were included in accounts payable at June 30, 2016 and 2015.

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the 2008A and 2008B Trust Estates entered into lease agreements with the Program Administrator to finance costs to renovate the Program Administrator's office building. The total balance of these lease agreement receivables is \$2,840,884 and \$3,104,312 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.



Combining Statement of Financial Position

June 30, 2016

	2	2000		2002		2002A		2004A		2006A	2008A		2008B		Total	
Assets																
Current assets:																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	134,428	\$	97,087	\$	202,849	\$	174,635	\$		\$	209,535	\$	218,284	\$	1,359,686
Program discretionary fund account		6,577		23,317		127,269		-		93,504		-		74,288		324,955
Accrued investment income receivable		-		11		25		1		2		1		114		40
Due (to) from related parties		*		-		=		(101,883)		-		-		101,883		-
Accrued interest and fees receivable -																
leases		15,887		13,260		33,938		48,290		67,394		43,959		29,804		252,532
Lease agreement receivables	6,	134,534		4,749,330		13,663,435	2	20,338,375		21,793,746	1	6,480,708		13,861,846		97,021,974
Lease agreement receivables-unrealized																
appreciation in fair value		272,967		842,078		534,035		2,457,411		5,061,710		2,326,134		646,717		12,141,052
Prepaids and other current assets		-		583		2		200		-		-		-		583
Costs of debt issuance, net		85,601	_	95,433	_	92,190	_	88,486	_	87,755	_	94,354	_	102,804	-	646,623
Total assets	\$ 6	649,994	\$_	5,821,099	\$	14,653,741	\$_2	23,005,315	\$	27,426,979	\$_1	9,154,691	\$	15,035,626	\$1	11,747,445
Liabilities and Net Assets (Deficit)																
Liabilities and Net Assets (Delicit)																
Liabilities:																
Accounts payable and other accrued																
liabilities	\$	10,805	\$	6,158	\$	32,388	\$	59,290	\$	70,870	\$	53,381	\$	23,293	\$	256,185
Accrued interest payable - bonds		-		4,156		11,918		18,507		-		13,685				48,266
Interest rate exchange - liability		272,967		842,078		534,035		2,457,411		5,061,710		2,326,134		646,717		12,141,052
Deferred issuance costs		176,527		159,325		185,338		378,647		462,486		523,397		523,913		2,409,633
Bonds payable	6	237,842	-	4,825,891	_	13,800,595		20,418,906		21,905,163	_1	16,589,055	_	13,984,740	_	97,762,192
Total liabilities	6,	698,141		5,837,608	ļ	14,564,274	2	23,332,761		27,500,229	1	19,505,652	1	15,178,663	1	12,617,328
Net assets (deficit), unrestricted		(48,147)	_	(16,509)	_	89,467	_	(327,446)		(73,250)	-	(350,961)		(143,037)	_	(869,883)
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	\$ 6	649,994	\$_	5,821,099	\$	14,653,741	\$_2	23,005,315	\$_:	27,426,979	\$_1	19,154,691	\$	15,035,626	\$ <u>1</u>	11,747,445

Combining Statement of Financial Position

June 30, 2015

	2000		2002		2002A		2004A		2006A		2008A		2008B		_	Total
Assets																
Current assets:													2			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	59,329	\$	242,555	\$	548,769	\$	169,334	\$	277,538	\$	356,848	\$	674,788	\$	2,329,161
Certificates of deposit		1		=		77.1		-		_		=		5,000,000		5,000,000
Repurchase agreements		32		5,000,000		100		1 1		4,955,000		-		-		9,955,000
Investment agreements		5,618,536		-		5,000,000		5,349,698		501,605		5,000,000		- 4 600		21,469,839
Accrued investment income receivable		4,486		4,447		4,501		2,310		2		3,846		1,803		21,395
Accrued interest and fees receivable -														4.000		22/ 450
leases		15,297		12,376		32,849		37,791		69,693		44,204		14,268		226,478
Lease agreement receivables		6,907,584		8,609,328		15,605,550		21,423,893		23,089,454		17,756,036		15,250,446	1	08,642,291
Lease agreement receivables-unrealized																0.545.000
appreciation in fair value		251,648		645,465		779,866		1,945,089		3,674,172		1,738,209		481,451		9,515,900
Costs of debt issuance, net	_	121,120		138,121	-	158,199	-	213,876	-	251,875		262,195	_	349,256	_	1,494,642
												4 < 4 - 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	•	21 552 012	ተ 1	E0 (E1 70)
Total assets	\$_	12,978,000	\$.	14,652,292	\$_	22,129,734	\$_	29,141,991	\$	32,819,339	\$_	25,161,338	\$_	21,772,012	\$ <u>1</u>	58,654,706
Liabilities and Net Assets (Deficit)																
Liabilities:																
Accounts payable and other accrued										20.420	Φ.	00.075	œ.	04.001	¢.	170 150
liabilities	\$	24,805	\$		\$		\$	67,168	\$	99,439	\$	89,275	\$		\$	470,150 76,570
Accrued interest payable - bonds		108		8,129		17,732		16,130		3,018		2,179		29,274		
Interest rate exchange - liability		251,648		645,465		779,866		1,945,089		3,674,172		1,738,209		481,451		9,515,900
Accrued arbitrage rebate		15,072		44,617		-				101,695		28,094		-		189,478
Deferred issuance costs		189,136		168,696		196,240		398,576		485,610		547,188		551,488	1	2,536,934
Bonds payable	_	12,470,000		13,655,000		20,870,000	-	26,820,000	_	28,405,000	_	22,910,000	-	20,565,000	1	45,695,000
Total liabilities		12,950,769		14,563,001		21,927,326		29,246,963		32,768,934		25,314,945		21,712,094	1	58,484,032
Net assets (deficit), unrestricted	-	27,231	1	89,291		202,408	-	(104,972)	_	50,405	-	(153,607)	-	59,918	9 	170,674
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	\$_	12,978,000	\$	14,652,292	\$	22,129,734	\$_	29,141,991	\$_	32,819,339	\$_	25,161,338	\$_	21,772,012	\$1	58,654,706

Combining Statement of Activities

	2000	2002	2002A	2004A	2006A	2008A	2008B	Total
Revenue: Income from lease agreement receivables Amortization of deferred issuance costs Investment and other income Loss on early extinguishment	\$ 176,448 12,609 51,492 (121,120)	\$ 222,309 9,372 34,610 (138,121)	\$ 516,874 10,902 31,944 (158,199)	\$ 712,315 19,930 24,983 (213,876)	\$ 1,009,819 23,124 103,854 (251,875)	\$ 675,142 23,790 19,483 (262,195)	\$ 454,910 27,574 21,278 (349,256)	\$ 3,767,817 127,301 287,644 (1,494,642)
Total revenues	119,429	128,170	401,521	543,352	884,922	456,220	154,506	2,688,120
Expenses: Administrative and trustee fees Letter of credit fees Remarketing fees Professional and other fees Arbitrage rebate Bond interest expense Swap interest expense Amortization expense	31,676 68,938 6,706 - 2,360 3,729 75,284 6,114	18,950 52,163 7,414 1,000 11,632 8,415 128,782 5,614	44,414 43,660 8,271 2,800 - 60,785 349,109 5,423	81,201 199,406 14,511 10,912 - 31,404 423,735 4,657	24,731 450 13,322 5,000 - 171,526 789,160 4,388	40,579 58,394 10,012 - 7,521 54,258 478,521 4,289	43,876 143,765 13,877 8,900 - 8,477 133,155 5,411	285,427 566,776 74,113 28,612 21,513 338,594 2,377,746 35,896
Total expenses	194,807	233,970	514,462	765,826	1,008,577	653,574	357,461	3,728,677
Changes in net assets (deficit)	(75,378)	(105,800)	(112,941)	(222,474)	(123,655)	(197,354)	(202,955)	(1,040,557)
Net assets (deficit), beginning of year	27,231	89,291	202,408	(104,972)	50,405	(153,607)	59,918	<u>170,674</u>
Net assets (deficit), end of year	\$ (48,147)	\$ (16,509)	\$ 89,467	\$ (327,446)	\$ (73,250)	\$ (350,961)	\$ (143,037)	\$ (869,883)

Combining Statement of Activities

		2000		2002	2002A		2004A		2006A		2008A		2008B			Total
Revenue: Income from lease agreement receivables Amortization of deferred issuance costs Investment income and other income	\$	194,331 14,363	\$	274,340 39,168	\$	597,124 42,103	\$	737,703 46,526	\$	1,036,357 43,129	\$	787,209 34,605	\$	544,464 14,363	\$	4,171,528 234,257
(expense)	-	53,726		52,739	_	53,336	_	26,220		1	_	45,356	_	(65,321)	_	166,057
Total revenues		262,420		366,247		692,563		810,449		1,079,487		867,170		493,506		4,571,842
Expenses:																22
Administrative and trustee fees		32,636		27,086		69,755		70,771		25,133		29,134		89,978		344,493
Letter of credit fees		81,541		110,170		132,624		205,802		131,102		139,640		287,635		1,088,514
Remarketing fees		10,449		14,258		22,040		22,157		25,319		24,589		25,576		144,388
Professional and other fees		11,500		7,500		7,000		8,500		9,000		8,500		8,500		60,500
Arbitrage rebate		20,912		11,563		-		-		10,764		7,447		-		50,686
Bond interest expense		6,807		7,543		11,597		14,536		15,277		13,102		13,865		82,727
Swap interest expense		71,150		143,823		415,520		460,129		769,467		562,161		162,109		2,584,359
Amortization expense	_	11,229	17	12,959	_	15,357		18,413	,	19,035	_	14,649	_	20,629	_	112,271
Total expenses	_	246,224	_	334,902	_	673,893	_	800,308	,	1,005,097		799,222	_	608,292	-	4,467,938
Changes in net assets (deficit)		16,196		31,345		18,670		10,141		74,390		67,948		(114,786)		103,904
Net assets (deficit), beginning of year	_	11,035	_	57,946	-	183,738	-	(115,113)		(23,985)	10	(221,555)	13	174,704	-	66,770
Net assets (deficit), end of year	\$_	27,231	\$_	89,291	\$_	202,408	\$	(104,972)	\$	50,405	\$	(153,607)	\$	59,918	\$	170,674

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

	2000	2002	2002A	2004A	2006A	2008A	2008B	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Change in net assets	(75,378)	\$ (105,800)	\$ (112,941)	\$ (222,474)	\$ (123,655)	\$ (197,354)	\$ (202,955)	\$ (1,040,557)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Amortization of costs of debt issuance	6,114	5,614	5,423	4,657	4,388	4,289	5,411	35,896
Amortization of deferred issuance costs	(12,609)	(9,371)	(10,902)	(19,929)	(23,124)	(23,791)	(27,575)	(127,301)
Loss on early extinguishment	121,120	138,121	158,199	213,876	251,875	262,195	349,256	1,494,642
Increase (decrease) in cash due to changes in:								
Accrued investment income receivable	4,486	4,436	4,476	2,309	2	3,845	1,803	21,355
Due (to) from related parties	-			101,883	-	-	(101,883)	-
Accrued interest and fees receivable - leases	(590)	(884)	(1,089)	(10,499)	2,299	245	(15,536)	(26,054)
Prepaids and other current assets	-	(583)	~	12		9		(583)
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses	(14,000)	(34,936)	(31,100)	(7,878)	(28,569)	(35,894)	(61,588)	(213,965)
Accrued interest payable - bonds	(108)	(3,973)	(5,814)	2,377	(3,018)	11,506	(29,274)	(28,304)
Accrued arbitrage rebate	(15,072)	(44,617)			(101,695)	(28,094)	353	(189,478)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								
Net cash provided by (used in) operating								
activities	13,963	(51,993)	6,252	64,322	(21,499)	(3,053)	(82,341)	(74,349)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Proceeds from lease agreements	773,050	3,859,998	1,942,115	1,085,518	1,295,708	1,275,328	1,410,907	11,642,624
Issued lease agreement	-	*			8	2	(22,307)	(22,307)
Increase in the program discretionary fund account	(6,577)	(23,317)	(127,269)		(93,504)		(74,288)	(324,955)
Net proceeds from repurchase and investment								
agreements and certificates of deposit	5,618,536	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,349,698	5,456,605	5,000,000	5,000,000	36,424,839
Net cash provided by investing activities	6,385,009	8,836,681	6,814,846	6,435,216	6,658,809	6,275,328	6,314,312	47,720,201
. Tel cash provided by hivesting and the	Cata as Massa							
Coldon for first in a stirition								
Cash flows from financing activities:	6,350,531	5,046,057	14,925,701	20,525,920	22,325,868	17,225,301	14,278,071	100,677,449
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	(12,582,689)	(13,875,166)	(21,995,106)	(26,927,014)	(28,825,705)	(23,546,246)	(20,858,331)	(148,610,257)
Principal payments on bonds	(91,715)	(101,047)	(97,613)	(93,143)	(92,143)	(98,643)	(108,215)	(682,519)
Debt issuance costs paid	(91,/15)	(101,047)	(97,013)	(73,143)	(72,143)	(70,043)	1100/213)	1002/02/
				// /0 / DDT	// FOT 000)	(/ /10 500)	// (00 ATE)	(48,615,327)
Net cash used in financing activities	(6,323,873)	(8,930,156)	(7,167,018)	(6,494,237)	(6,591,980)	(6,419,588)	(6,688,475)	(48,615,327)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash								
equivalents	75,099	(145,468)	(345,920)	5,301	45,330	(147,313)	(456,504)	(969,475)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	59,329	242,555	548,769	169,334	277,538	356,848	674,788	2,329,161
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	134,428	\$ 97,087	\$ 202,849	\$ 174,635	\$ 322,868	\$ 209,535	\$ 218,284	\$ 1,359,686

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

		2000		2002		2002A		2004A		2006A		2008A		2008B		Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net	\$	16,196	\$	31,345	\$	18,670	\$	10,141	\$	74,390	\$	67,948	\$	(114,786)	\$	103,904
cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Amortization of costs of debt issuance Amortization of deferred issuance costs Reclassification of hedge ineffectiveness		11,229 (14,363)		12,959 (39,168)		15,357 (42,103)		18,413 (46,526)		19,035 (43,129)		14,649 (34,605)		20,629 (14,363) 63,273		112,271 (234,257) 63,273
Increase (decrease) in cash due to changes in: Accrued investment income receivable Accrued interest and fees receivable - leases Accounts payable and other accrued expenses Accrued interest payable - bonds Accrued arbitrage rebate		167 (2,702) (6,465) (602) (112,673)		(201) 420 (4,283) 4,372 11,563		(205) 4,728 (17,887) 11,598	=	899 1,151 (1,336) 14,536	_	(1) 3,026 3,094 796 10,764	0'-	(189) 4,223 5,304 (33) 7,447	S)	2,901 747 (41,342) 13,865		3,371 11,593 (62,915) 44,532 (82,899)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(109,213)		17,007		(9,842)		(2,722)		67,975		64,744		(69,076)		(41,127)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from lease agreements		939,823		1,208,952		2,000,965		1,373,717		1,308,559		4,904,911	1	0,050,073		21,787,000
Net proceeds from repurchase and investment agreements and certificates of deposit	_	1,053,461	8-		-		_	41,368	(<u></u>	300,462	-		20		-	1,395,291
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,993,284		1,208,952		2,000,965		1,415,085		1,609,021		4,904,911	1	0,050,073		23,182,291
Cash flows from financing activities: Principal payments on bonds	_	(1,875,000)	<i>11</i>	(1,185,000)	_	(2,385,000)	-	(1,935,000)	-	(1,405,000)	_	(4,925,000)	(1	0,085,000)	_	(23,795,000)
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,875,000)	-	(1,185,000)	_	(2,385,000)	-	(1,935,000)	-	(1,405,000)	_	(4,925,000)	(1	0,085,000)		(23,795,000)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		9,071		40,959		(393,877)		(522,637)		271,996		44,655		(104,003)		(653,836)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ <u></u>	50,258 59,329	\$_	201,596 242,555	\$_	942,646 548,769	\$	691,971 169,334	\$_	5,542 277,538	\$_	312,193 356,848	\$	778,791 674,788	\$_	2,982,997 2,329,161